

Confidence and Transparency within the Leather Industry by OEKO-TEX®

Practice-oriented Training at the
International Shoe Competence Center Pirmasens (ISC)

PFI

Prüf- und Forschungsinstitut
Pirmasens

Test and Research Institute
Pirmasens

Institut de recherche et d'essais
de Pirmasens



Since 1956 in Pirmasens

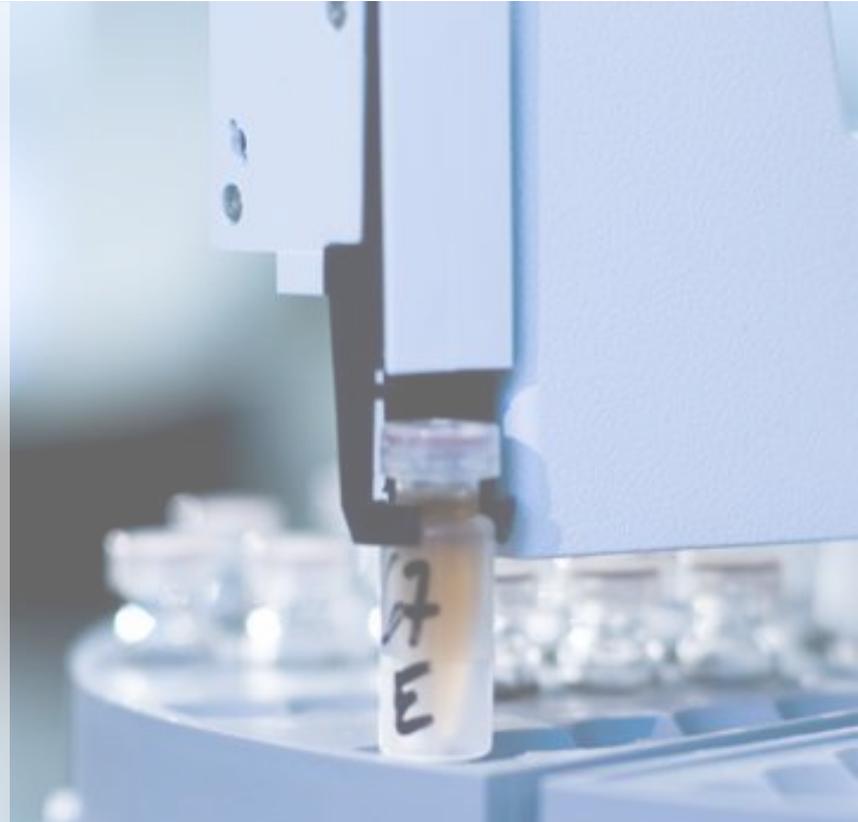
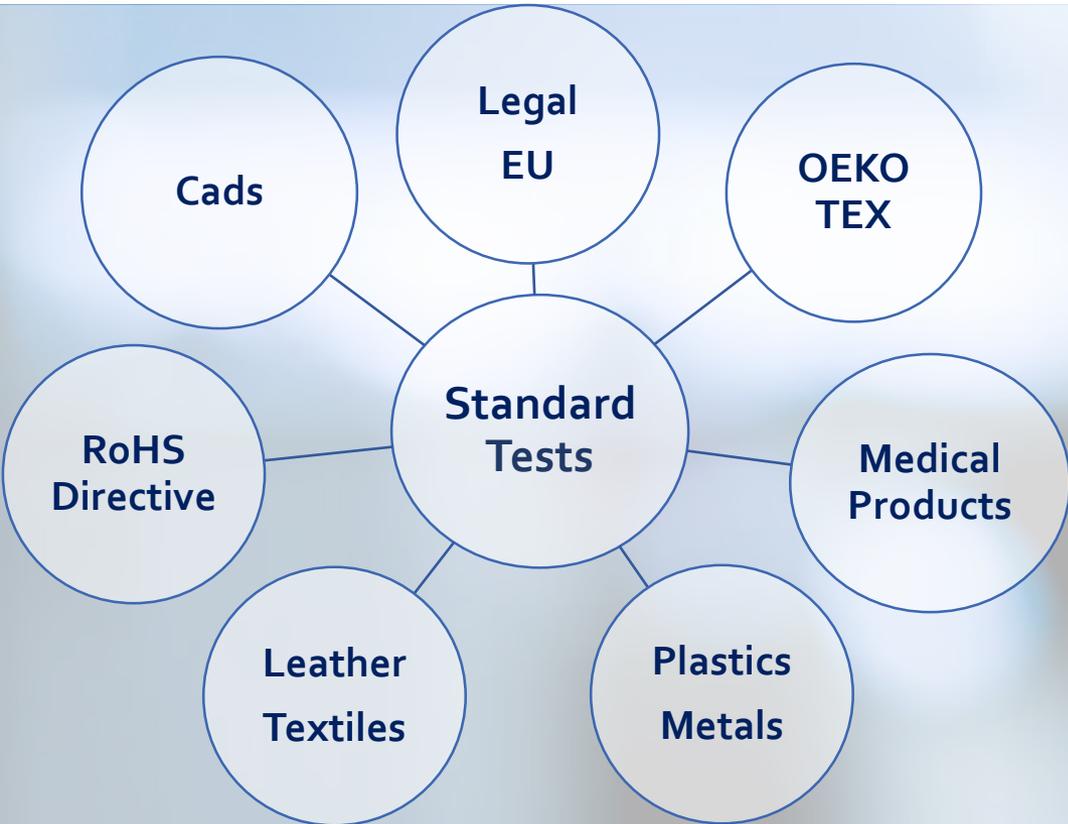


Fields of Work

TESTING TEST EQUIPMENT
RESEARCH TRAINING
CERTIFICATION INSPECTION



PFI - Analytical Chemistry



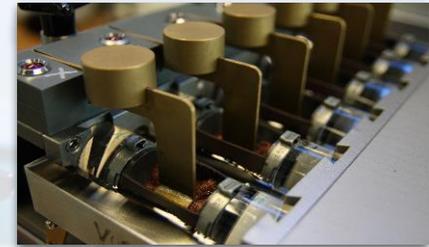
PFI - Physical Material Testing



Colour fastness to light



Permanent folding
behaviour



Determination of water
resistance



Abrasion resistance



Bending properties of
the sole



Water resistance shoe

International Shoe Competence Center - Training

Professional Training and Education



Basic

Intermediate

Advanced

International Shoe Competence Center - Training

Modular Course Offer



Last Development



Quality Management



Testing



Pattern Engineering



Process Optimisation



REACH



Materials & Components



Industry 4.0



Hazardous Substances



Fit & Comfort



Automation



Foot Anatomy



Different Makes



Sustainable Production



Gait Analysis



Tooling



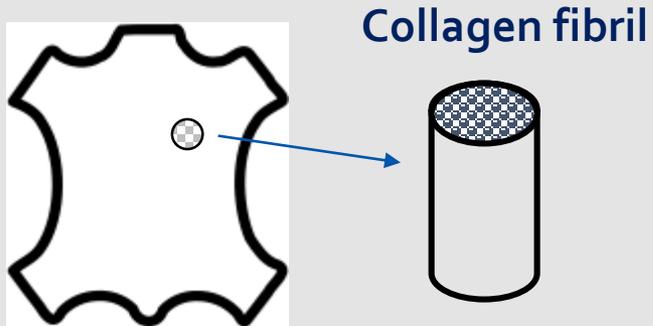
Sustainable Materials

Leather – a Very Special Material

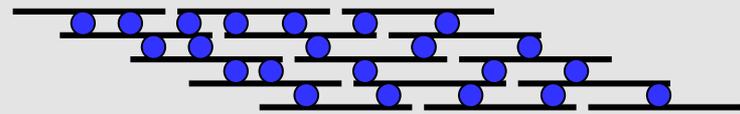


Different Applications
Big Variety of Leather Types
The older The Better
Upcycling

From Skin to Leather



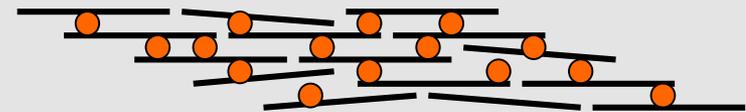
Skin



dried



Primary stage after Tanning



Tanning of Leather

Chrome tanning is the most important tanning method in shoe production

- High strength
- Good elasticity
- High shrinkage temperature
- Good Color fastness

Vegetable tanning is getting more and more important !

➔ Combinations of different Tanning Agents possible

Tanning of Leather

Tanning Method

Primary Production Stage

Mineral Tannins:

Chromium, Zirkonium, Titanium, Aluminium



WET-BLUE

Vegetable Tannins:

Barks, Roots, Leaves of Plants and Trees



WET GREEN / BROWN

Synthetic Tannins:

Syntanes: Aldehydes, Resins, Isocyanates



WET WHITE

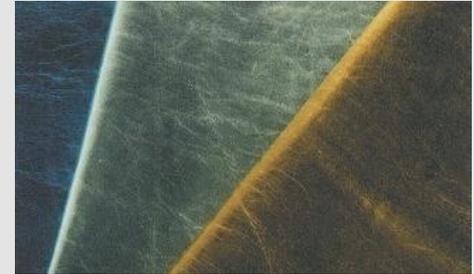
Leather – Finish Types



Smooth



Nappa



Foil coated



Shrinkage



Rough



Embossed

EU-Legal requirements for Leather



REACH regulation EG 1907/2006

Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulation (POPs) 2019/1021

Biocide Regulation EU 528/212

EU Legal requirements for Leather

Parameter	Source
Chrome VI	Tanning, Storage Conditions
Azo-Dyes	Dye
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	Preservation
Formaldehyde (recommendation)	Preservation, Basic Compound
Dimethylfumarate	Anti-Mould
Nonylphenoloxylate (NPEO)	Tenside
Short Chained Chlorinated Paraffines (SCCP)	Fatliquor, Flame Retardent
PFOS and PFOA related compounds	Hydrophobisation
Biocides (declaration)	Preservation

Legal requirements – Not sufficient

Legal regulations take a long time

Scientific results are often faster

Consumers are sensibilised by media

Manufacturer and Trader do not want negative headlines

What do WE expect ?

HEALTH QUALITY TRACEBILITY
LEGAL REGULATIONS **ENVIRONMENT**
WORK SAFETY SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
SUSTAINABILITY CO₂FOOTPRINT
ALTERNATIVE ENERGY

Leather – Certification by OEKO-TEX®

Leather Standard by OEKO TEX®	STeP by OEKO-TEX®
Product / Material Certification	Process Certification
	
<p>Trendsetting special requirements Covers all requirements the market needs International testing standard International certification system</p>	<p>Sustainable Textile & Leather Production Modular certification for production Textile and Leather industry Brands and Retailer</p>
	

Leather Standard by OEKO-TEX®

- Criteria catalogue with several hundred regulated individual substances
- High human and ecological product safety along the supply chain
- Test criteria are updated at least once per year
- Tests and certifications by independent OEKO-TEX® member institutes

Leather Standard by OEKO-TEX®

Certification Leather Standard by OEKO-TEX®

- Leather and leather articles from all processing levels
- Test Institutes help with the application
- Modular Certification System for a Finished Article



Certification of Leather from exotic or protected animals is not possible !

Artificial / Synthetic Leather is not a genuine Leather material !

Leather – Analytical Challenge

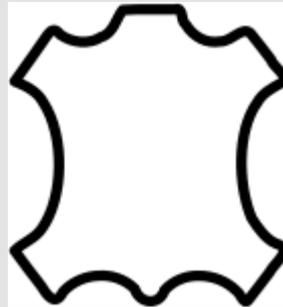
Leather is not a homogenous material

Skin

Origin

Tanning

Finish



Leather – Chrome VI

Chrome tanning is the most important tanning method in shoe production



Chrome VI regulated by OEKO TEX®

Chrome VI

Chrome VI after Heat-Aging for 24h at 80°C

Leather – Process Preservatives

Prevention of Biological Decomposition Needed:

Skin, Tanning , Wet Blue , Wet White, Wet Green

No Additional Prevention Needed

Leather, Finished Leather

Leather Preservatives regulated by OEKO TEX®

OPP	(o-Phenyl-Phenol)
CMK	(4-Chloro-3-Methylphenole)
TCMTB	(2-Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole)
OIT	(2-Octylisothiazol-3(2H)-on)

Leather – PU or PVC Coated

PU- or PVC Coating

Used for special Finishes



PU- or PVC Coatings regulated by OEKO TEX®

Test of plastic relevant parameters e.g.:

- Softeners, Phthalates
- Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
- Solvents (Dimethylformamide)

Sustainability in Leather Production

Customers, Supplier and Traders are sensitized

- Transparency is necessary in a future-orientated production
- Sustainability is expected at all levels

Challenges

- Traceability/Marking only for complete skins/hides
- House slaughtering or small slaughterhouses
- World wide trading of all leather production stages



STeP by OEKO-TEX® a Tool for Sustainability

- STeP by OEKO-TEX® stands for Sustainable Textile & Leather Production
- Modular certification system for production of textile and leather articles
- Implementation of environmentally friendly production processes
- Improvement of health, safety and social responsibility at production sites
- Certification for manufacturers as well as brands and retailers



Traceability of complete supply chain

Increase Sustainability

STeP by OEKO-TEX®

Comprehensive Analysis and Assessment of the Production

Modules for analyses of all important areas of a company :

- Chemicals management
- Environmental performance
- Environmental management
- Social responsibility
- Quality management
- Health protection and safety at work
- Leather specific operations

STeP by OEKO-TEX®

Leather specific types of operations



Beamhouse



Tanning



Retanning, dyeing,
fatliquoring



Finishing of leather



Making up of
leather products



Leather logistics

Leather – How to get a Certificate ?

Leather Standard by OEKO TEX®	STeP by OEKO-TEX®
<p>Product / Material </p>	<p>Process </p>
<p>Application </p>	<p>Application </p>
<p>Lab Tests </p>	<p>Assessment Catalogue </p>
<p>Companies Audit </p>	<p>Companies Audit Expanded </p>
<p>CERTIFICATION </p> <p>Valid 1 year</p> <p>Renewal 2 times, reduced Lab Tests</p>	<p>CERTIFIATION </p> <p>Valid 3 years</p>



Quality means safety and security.

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